A Public Web API to Provide Dynamic Quality Control for the ISCWSA Error Models

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Wellbore Positioning Technical Section



Speaker Information

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- Founder and CEO, MagVAR
- Senior Scientist, University of Colorado Boulder
- Interests:
 - Processing satellite, airborne and downhole survey data
 - Geomagnetic, electric and gravity field modeling
 - Error models and quality control processes

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Tool Performance Verification

- The uncertainty in the wellbore position is computed from tool error models
- These uncertainties are only valid if tool performance meets the assumptions of the tool error model
- This has to be verified by Quality Control
- The QC criteria need to be computed from the tool error model



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References to Prior Work

- <u>SPE 103734</u> and <u>SPE 105558</u> (2006), R. Ekseth, K. Kovalenko, J. Weston, T. Torkildsen, E. Nyrnes, A. Brooks, and H. Wilson) describes how to verify that the various error sources are within the assumptions of the tool code. Also contains the relevant weighting functions to compute QC thresholds from tool code.
- ISCWSA 39, Long Beach, (2014), S. Maus & R. Croke <u>Field Acceptance Criteria</u> <u>Based on ISCWSA Tool Error Models</u> explains dynamic QC parameters
- ISCWSA 40, Long Beach, (2014), S. Maus, M. Nair, B. Carande, S. Pham & B. Poedjono - <u>Systematic and Random Contributions to the Disturbance Field (IFR2)</u> provides values for the magnetic disturbance field error model coefficients that were included in OWSG Rev-2.
- <u>SPE 178843</u> (2016), S. Grindrod, P. Clark, J. Lightfoot, N. Bergstrom & L. Grant Reference paper describing the OWSG Standard Survey Tool Error Model

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Objectives

- 1. Provide a simple criterion that indicates whether a survey passes or fails QC for an OWSG tool code
- 2. Enable production of QC plots which are intuitive and convey all needed information
- \rightarrow Provide a web API to enable both of these functions



What Does the MWD Tool Measure?



Measure 6 quantities \rightarrow get 6 parameters:

- Inclination, Magnetic Azimuth, Tool Face (use for steering!)
- Gtotal, Btotal, Dip (use for QC!)

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MWD QC Parameters

Accelerometer

Magnetometer



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What do we need in order to QC a survey?

- Reference values (Gtotal, Btotal, Dip)
- Uncertainties (1 sigma) of all the error sources
- An actual downhole measurement that we want to Quality Control
- A QC algorithm or application that determines whether a survey passes or fails

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QC Threshold is the surface of a 3D Ellipsoid

- Compute 1-sigma errors in Gtotal, Btotal and Dip from tool code
- Ellipsoid depicts 3 sigma error (97% confidence in 3D)
- Surveys within the ellipsoid **pass** QC
- Surveys outside of the ellipsoid **fail** QC





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Gravity Reference Accuracy

	Std Gravity	GARM*
Earth Mass	Global	\checkmark
Earth rotation	Mean	\checkmark
Earth shape	Value	\checkmark
Topography		\checkmark
Anomalies		\checkmark
Depth (TVD)		\checkmark
Water/Rocks		\checkmark
Error (1 sigma)	~1.6 mG	~0.3 mG



*Global Acceleration Reference Model

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Animation credit GFZ Potsdam



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Magnetic Reference Accuracy

	IGRF/ WMM	Std MWD	HRGM	IFR1	IFR2
Main Field	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Annual update		✓	✓	✓	✓
Global crustal field			✓	✓	√
Local crustal				\checkmark	\checkmark
Disturbance field					~



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MWD Survey Corrections

Some example tool codes	MWD +IFR1+AX	MWD +IFR1+MS	MWD +IFR2+SAG+MS
Axial interference	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Cross-axial interference, instrument biases and scale factors		✓	✓
BHA Sag			\checkmark





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QC Parameter Dependencies

Which error sources influence which QC parameters?

Error source	Gtotal	Btotal	Dip
Reference model	Х	х	x
Accelerometer Bias	х	-	x
Accelerometer Scale	Х	-	x
Accel-Magn Misalignment	-	-	x
Magnetometer Bias	-	x	x
Magnetometer Scale	-	x	x
Drill string interference	-	x	x

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QC Criteria Depend on Wellbore Orientation



Example: Contribution of axial interference to error in Btotal

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neasured geomac

> \rightarrow Axial interference not seen in Btotal



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Parameter Errors are Correlated

- Errors in Gtotal and Btotal are correlated with errors in Dip
- Depends on orientation of wellbore relative to magnetic field
- The same Dip value can be inside or outside the ellipsoid, depending on Btotal and Gtotal values



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Is a Survey Inside or Outside of the Ellipsoid?

- Define a statistical distance σ from the center X
- All points on the ellipsoid have same distance $\sigma = \sigma_{AC}$
- Each survey has one statistical distance σ_{survey}
- Pass: $\sigma_{survey} < \sigma_{AC}$
- Fail: $\sigma_{survey} > \sigma_{AC}$



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A Single Survey Quality Control Criterion



A survey fails QC if its statistical distance from the reference values is larger than the sigma value σ_{AC} used for anti-collision

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Define Thresholds for Gtotal, Btotal and Dip

- Cannot define exact QC thresholds for parameters
- But can define a "green" range, an "orange" range and a "red" range
- Green is pass
- Orange may pass or fail
- Red fails for sure



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Example QC Plots of Sigma versus Btotal



Example QC Plots of Sigma versus Dip



Example QC Plots of Sigma versus Gtotal



The Benefit of a Calibrated Accelerometer

Most MWD accelerometers are not calibrated to an absolute reference

- Measured Gtotal does not agree with the actual Gtotal at location
- QC thresholds are set very large (+/- 3 milli-G) to account for offsets
- Noisy accelerometer data not flagged due to generous tolerances

Recommended accelerometer calibration procedure:

- Calibrate the accelerometer in the shop to absolute Gtotal
- Down hole, use an accurate reference field model for Gtotal, such as the Global Acceleration Reference Model (GARM)

 \rightarrow Helps to identify noisy data and Gz bias errors



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What if Surveys fail QC?

- The reasons could be
 - A defective tool
 - Interference from the drill string
 - Interference from an offset well
 - Inaccurate reference values
- Try using a more accurate reference model
 - Should account for field changes along wellbore
 - If Dip and Btotal references are inaccurate, then the declination is probably also wrong!
- Don't be tempted to bypass QC by adjusting the reference values to match the MWD data



Texas sharpshooter fallacy



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Dynamic QC Calculator for Wellbore Surveys

Survey date	Wellbore azimuth	Reference declination	OWSG Rev. 2 Tool Code
2017-10-02T15:15:0	45	4.24	MWD (default)
Latitude	Wellbore inclination	Gravity model	Anti-collision sigma
29.4217	45	GARM (default)	2
Longitude	Reference G total	Measured G total	G total units
-98.4838	9.8	9.803	m/s^2 (default) ▼
Depth below MSL	Reference B total	Measured B total	B total units
-200	46644.9	46475.6	NANOTESLA (default)
Depth units	Reference dip	Measured dip	
METER (default)	58.04	57.73	Calculate

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http://fac.magvar.com/

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Calculator Output

	Sigma distance:	AC Sigma:	Survey Validation:
Validation Results	1.61	2	PASS
Delta GTotal:	G total green threshold:	G total orange threshold:	G total validation result:
0.0030	0.0060	0.0212	GREEN
Delta BTotal:	B total green threshold:	B total orange threshold:	B total validation result:
-169	290	1033	GREEN
Delta Dip:	Dip green threshold:	Dip orange threshold:	Dip validation result:
-0.31	0.27	0.95	ORANGE
Error Model Inc Uncertainty Systematic:	Error Model Inc Uncertainty random:	Error Model Azi Uncertainty Systematic:	Error Model Azi Uncertainty random:
0.35	0.00	1.11	0.31



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Write your own QC software which calls the API

http://fac-api.magvar.com/:

MagVAR Survey Validation API

This web API implements dynamic quality control for the ISCWSA OWSG Rev-2 error model tool codes. Users can upload MWD surveys and receive the relevant QC information for the selected tool code. Apart from the sigma-distance indicating pass or failure of the survey, the API also returns the random and systematic uncertainties in the measured inclination and azimuth taking the location and wellbore orientation into account. The API enables single queries via a web interface, as well as programmatic access by user software. Please also see http://fac.magvar.com for a user friendly front end calculator.

Created by Magnetic Variation Services LLC See more at <u>https://www.magvar.com</u> Contact the developer

survey-validation-controller : Survey Validation and QC	Show/Hide List Operations Expand Operations
GET /uncertaintyValues	Obtain survey validation info
Response Class (Status 200) Successfully retrieved survey validation info	

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Summary and Conclusions

- Public calculator enables simple QC for MWD surveys
- Survey fails if its computed Sigma > AC Sigma
 - Accounts for error model tool code used
 - Accounts for geometry and location of wellbore
- Recommendations:
 - Use accurate reference values to achieve reliable tool QC
 - Calibrate accelerometers to absolute reference Gtotal
- In support of ISCWSA standards, MagVAR provides this calculator and API as a <u>free and open</u> service

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